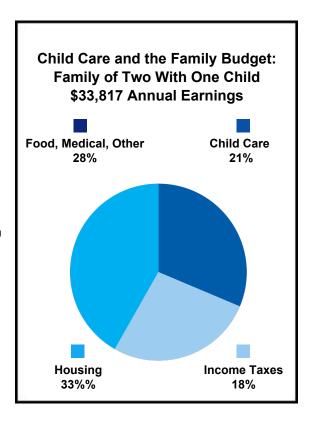
Did you know that...

- approximately 2,312 children under six in the county live in families where their sole parent or both parents are working? The need for child care is critical to the economic viability of these families.
- the county received and spent \$2,671,795 in federal and state funds (not including Smart Start) to help parents pay for child care in fiscal year 2020? In June, the county served 418 different children with child care subsidy and had **0** eligible children on the waiting list for subsidy.
- Rutherford County has 33 licensed child care programs? Of these, 26 are centers and 7 are family child care homes. Of all the licensed programs in the county, 81% of the centers and 71% of homes have a 4 or 5 star rating. These businesses employ 192 people directly, and also contribute to the economy through purchases of goods and services provided by other businesses in their communities and state.
- there are 857 birth to five year old and 172 school-age children currently enrolled in these child care programs.
- among birth to five year old children enrolled in centers in Rutherford County, 81% are in 4 or 5 star licensed centers. Among birth to five year old children enrolled in homes in Rutherford County, 50% are in 4 -5 star licensed homes.
- 4 teachers, directors and family child care providers living in Rutherford County participated in the T.E.A.C.H. Early Childhood® Project in fiscal year 2020 with 2 child care programs supporting their employees returning to school through this scholarship program?
- using federal guidelines for setting subsidy payment rates and data from fiscal year market rate study, the 4-star center market rate for two year olds in Rutherford County is \$602 per month?
- most families in Rutherford County cannot afford the full cost of child care? Low-income families and families with more than one child have to pay a high percentage of their income for care. A single mother with one child earning \$33,816 or less per year can receive child care subsidy as funds are available. If funds are unavailable or if this parent's earnings exceed the income eligibility limit, a parent would pay 21% of her gross income (see chart) for child care offered at the county rate. Little is left in the family's budget for food, medical, clothing, travel or other basic living expenses. Due to the high cost of child care, parents often make difficult choices. Some may be forced to seek TANF. Others may seek cheaper, often inadequate child care or leave their children unattended.



While considering the data on this factsheet, please note that many of these data points may differ significantly from previous months or years. This may be due to the impacts of COVID-19 on both the information reported and the data collection process.

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